

02 | AI & Model Inventory

Financial-services AI governance engagement

Engagement type	Simulated portfolio case study
Organization	CedarBridge Financial, fictional mid-sized consumer lender and digital bank
Scope	Enterprise AI and model governance across credit, fraud, customer service, marketing, and operations
Primary scenario	CreditPath consumer credit underwriting model and ClearSignal fraud-AI vendor

This artifact uses fictional systems and synthetic data. It is designed to show governance judgment, model-risk discipline, consumer-protection awareness, and operational evidence rather than to represent any real company or vendor.

Purpose

The inventory is the authoritative register of AI systems and models used or proposed at CedarBridge. It supports enterprise visibility, risk classification, aggregate model-risk analysis, third-party oversight, and board reporting.

Inventory fields

Each record captures: system ID, name, use case, lifecycle stage, owner, model type, vendor, input data, output, decision influence, consumer impact, retention, upstream dependencies, downstream systems, risk tier, approval status, validation status, monitoring cadence, and next review date.

Enterprise AI and model register

AI-001	CreditPath v3.2	Consumer credit underwriting and pricing	Credit application - approve/decline, APR band, credit limit recommendation	Bank-owned ML model with vendor data feeds	Application data, credit bureau, income verification, transaction-derived affordability	Critical	Conditional approval - remediation required
AI-002	ClearSignal FraudGuard	Real-time fraud detection and transaction hold recommendations	Debit card and digital payments fraud screening	Third-party gradient-boosting fraud model	Transaction history, device fingerprint, IP risk, merchant risk, behavioral velocity	High	Approved w controls
AI-003	BridgeAssist LLM	Customer-service answer drafting and chat support	Digital customer service and complaint triage	Vendor-hosted LLM with retrieval over approved KB	Customer question, account context token, knowledge-base passages	Moderate	Pilot only
AI-004	MarketWise Segments	Marketing segmentation and next-best-offer propensity	Email and app marketing targeting	In-house propensity model	Deposit product use, channel activity, region, lifecycle stage	Moderate	Approved
AI-005	OpsCopilot	Internal operations summarization and drafting	Back-office policy search and meeting notes	Enterprise GenAI workspace tool	Internal documents; no consumer account data permitted	Low	Approved to controls
AI-006	CollectPrioritize	Collections contact prioritization	Collections queue ranking and hardship outreach priority	Bank-owned model	Delinquency status, payment history, account age, prior contact result	High	Assessment required
AI-007	AML Pattern Monitor	Suspicious activity pattern detection	BSA/AML alert generation	Bank-owned rules + anomaly model	Transaction patterns, customer profile, counterparty risk, geography	Critical	Independent validation scheduled

Risk heat map by lifecycle and tier

Credit underwriting	0	0	0	1	ECOA/adverse action, fair lending, explainability, pricing impact
Fraud and financial crime	0	0	1	1	False positives, account restrictions, regulatory reliance, vendor transparency
Customer service	0	1	0	0	Hallucinated answers, complaint handling, privacy and recordkeeping
Marketing	0	1	0	0	Targeting fairness, sensitive inference, opt-out/consent, UDAAP risk
Internal operations	1	0	0	0	Confidentiality, prompt hygiene, overreliance, record retention
Collections	0	0	1	0	Consumer harm, fair treatment, hardship handling, contact strategy

Aggregate findings

- Two critical systems require executive visibility: CreditPath and AML Pattern Monitor.
- CreditPath has the highest consumer-impact profile because the model directly influences approval, pricing, credit limit, and adverse-action reasons.

- Two vendor-influenced systems require enhanced third-party controls: ClearSignal FraudGuard and BridgeAssist LLM.
- Collections and fraud tools can create customer harm even when they do not formally decide credit eligibility.
- Inventory completeness requires quarterly attestations from Credit, Fraud, Marketing, Customer Operations, Engineering, Procurement, and Data Science.

Immediate actions

Complete CreditPath remediation and approval pack	Chief Credit Officer	30 days	AIA, validation memo, adverse-action testing, monitoring thresholds
Formalize vendor AI addendum for ClearSignal	Procurement + Legal	45 days	Signed addendum with audit rights, change notice, incident terms
BridgeAssist pilot guardrails	Customer Ops + Privacy	21 days	Prompt policy, escalation workflow, QA results
Quarterly inventory attestation	AI Governance Office	Quarterly	Signed inventory attestation and change log

Reference basis

This simulated package is informed by the 2026 Revised Guidance on Model Risk Management issued by the Federal Reserve, OCC, and FDIC, NIST AI RMF 1.0, the CFPB circular on adverse-action notices for complex credit algorithms, CFPB guidance on specificity of adverse-action reasons, and the 2023 interagency guidance on third-party relationships. These references are used as design inputs for a portfolio artifact, not as legal advice.